BSD&Co.

Chartered Accountants

Branch Office Delhi : 810, 8th floor, Antriksh Bhawan, 22 Kasturba Gandhi Marg, New Delhi-110001(Delhi)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Members of Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiary (collectively referred to as "the Group") comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss(including Other Comprehensive Income/Loss), the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow for the year then ended, and Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31st March 2022, of its consolidated loss and other comprehensive income/loss, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters ("KAM") are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.



Head Office: No. 14/3 10th C Main Jaynagar, 1 Block, Bengaluru - 560011 (Karnataka)
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Description of key Audit Matters

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matters	How that matter was addressed in our audit report
1	Revenue recognition	our audit report
	The Group applies Ind AS 115 "Revenue from contracts with customers" for recognition of revenue from real estate projects, which is being recognized at a point in time upon the Group satisfying its performance obligations and the customer obtaining control of the underlying asset. Considering application of Ind AS 115 involves certain key judgment's relating to identification of contracts with customer, identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified performance obligations, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognised over a period. Additionally, Ind AS 115 contains disclosures which involves collation of information in respect of disaggregated revenue and periods over which the remaining performance obligations will be satisfied subsequent to the balance sheet date Refer Note 18 to the Consolidated Financial Statements	Our audit procedure on revenue recognition from real estate projects included: Selecting sample to identify contracts with customers, identifying separate performance obligation in the contracts, determination of transaction price and allocating the transaction price to separate performance obligation. On selected samples, we tested that the revenue recognition is in accordance with accounting standards by i) Reading, analyzing and identifying the distinct performance obligations in real estate projects. ii) Comparing distinct performance obligations with that identified and recorded. iii) Reading terms of agreement to determine transaction price including variable consideration to verify transaction price used to recognize revenue. iv) Performing, analytical procedures to verify reasonableness of revenue accounted by the Group.
	1 manetar statements	
2	Pending Income Tax cases	
	cases involving tax demands which involves significant judgment to determine possible outcome of these cases. Refer Note 28 to the Consolidated Financial Statements	We obtained details of all pending income tax matters involving tax demands on the Group and discussed with the Group's in house tax team regarding sustainability of Group's claim before various income tax/ appellate authorities on matters under litigation. The inhouse tax team of the Group relied upon past legal and other rulings; submissions made by them during various hearings held; which was taken in consideration by us to evaluate management position on these tax demands.
3	Liability for Non-performance of real estate agreements/ civil law suits against the Group	



The Group may be liable to pay damages/interest for specific non- performance of certain real estate agreements, civil cases preferred against the Group for specific performance of the land agreement, the liability on account of these, if any has not been estimated and disclosed as contingent liability.

We obtained details/ list of pending civil cases and reviewed on sample basis real estate agreements, to ascertain damages on account of non-performance of those agreements and discussed with the legal team of the Group to evaluate management position.

Refer Note 28 to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Inventories

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The Group's inventories comprise mainly of construction material and completed real estate projects and land.

The inventories are carried at lower of cost and net realizable value (NRV). NRV of completed property is assessed by reference to market price existing at the reporting date and based on comparable transactions made by the Group and/or identified by the Group for properties in same geographical area. NRV of properties under construction is assessed with reference to market value of completed property as at the reporting date less estimated cost to complete.

The carrying value of inventories is significant part of the total assets of the Group and involves significant estimates and judgments in assessment of NRV. Accordingly, it has been considered as key audit matter.

Our audit procedures to assess the net realizable value (NRV) of the inventories include the following:

We had discussions with Management to understand Management's process and methodology to estimate NRV, including key assumptions used and we also verified project wise un-sold area and recent sale prices and estimated cost of construction to complete projects.

<u>Recognition and measurement of</u> <u>deferred tax assets</u>

Under Ind AS, the Group is required to reassess recognition of deferred tax asset at each reporting date. The Group has deferred tax assets in respect of brought forward losses and other temporary differences, as set out in Note no 3 and 26 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's deferred tax assets in respect of brought forward business losses are based on the projected profitability. This is determined on the basis of significant Our Audit procedures include:

- i) Obtained an understanding of the process and tested the control over recording of deferred tax and review of deferred tax at each reporting date
- ii) Evaluated management assumptions, used to determine the probability that deferred tax assets recognised in the balance sheet will be recovered through taxable income in future years, by handing over of major real estate projects.



management judgement and estimation given that is based on assumptions such as the likely timing and level of future taxable profits which are affected by expected future market and economic conditions.

We have identified recognition of deferred tax assets as key audit matter because of the related complexity and subjectivity of the assessment process.

- iii) Tested the computations of amount and tax rate used for recognition of deferred tax assets.
- iv) We have also focused on the adequacy of Group's disclosure on deferred tax.

Other information

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) amendment Rules, 2016. The respective Board of Directors of the Companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.



In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the entities included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each entity to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the entities included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company and subsidiary company which is incorporated in India has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group of which we are the independent auditors and whose financial information we have audited, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditor. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the consolidated financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to the preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income/loss), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flow dealt with by this report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.



- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding company and its subsidiary as on 31st March, 2022 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of respective company, none of the directors of the holding company and its subsidiary which is company incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary which is company incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure-I".
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act,:
 In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, no managerial remuneration was paid by the Holding company and its subsidiary which is company incorporated in India to its directors during the current year.
- h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March 2022 on the consolidated financial position of the Group.
 - ii. There are no material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contracts requiring provision.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Group.
 - iv. (a) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner



whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the companies included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports.

For BSD & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 000312S

Sujata Sharma

Partner

Membership No: 087919

UDIN: 22087919ANFIEV5825

Place: New Delhi Date: 28th May 2022 Annexure I- Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under the heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited ("the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended 31st March 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company which is company incorporate in India as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company and its subsidiary company which is company incorporate in India are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls systems over financial reporting of the company and its subsidiary company which is a company incorporate in India.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of Management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper Management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Group has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting but requires more strengthening and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group consisting the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For BSD & Co

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 0003128

Sujata Sharma

Partner

Membership No: 087919

UDIN: 22087919ANFIEV5825

Place: New Delhi Date: 28th May 2022

Annexure-II to the Independent Auditors' Report $-31^{\rm st}$ March 2022 on the Consolidated Financial Statements

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	S. No.	Name of Company	Туре	
	1	Satvik Hitech Builders Private Limited	Subsidiary	ļ
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Regd. Office: 10,Local Shopping Centre,Kalkaji New Delhi-110019 CIN: U70102DL2006PLC149167

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

Particulars	Note No.	A 21 R	(Amount in Lakl
ASSETS	14040 140.	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Non-Current Assets			— ——
a) Property, Plant and Equipment	1	44.55	
b) Goodwill	1Å	18,89	23.8
c) Financial Assets	111	99,90	99.9
i) Other Financial Assets	2	***	
d) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	3	49.94	56.0
e) Non-Current Tax Assets (net)	.,	1,722.42	1,403.0
f) Other Non-Current Assets	4	270.84	575.76
C A	·	1.07	
Current Assets	-	2,163.06	2,165.99
a) Inventories	5	1.146.10	
b) Financial Assets	_	1,146.49	2,135.05
i) Trade Receivables	6	3.225 pg	
ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	2,335.98	3,482.24
iii) Other bank balances	8	176,00	49.90
v) Other Financial Assets	9	4.99	4.75
Cher Current Assets	10	890.70	14,812.08
TOTAL ACCOUNT		14,803.81	808.61
TOTAL ASSETS		19,357.97	21,292,63
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		21,521.03	23,458.62
Equity			
) Equity Share Capital	П		
) Other Equity	11	9,110.00	9,110,00
		2,790.55	3,746,94
Liabilities		11,900.55	12,856,94
Non-Current Liabilities		·	
Provisions	12		
	12	4.57	3.75
Current liabilities		4.57	3.75
Financial Liabilities			
i) Borrowings			
ii) Trade Payables	13	3,492.28	2,584.26
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	14		,
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		21.42	26.18
iii) Other Financial Liabilities		1,509.28	1 571 45
Other Current Liabilities	15	449.33	1,561.45
Provisions	16	4,143.51	2,220.65
	17	0.09	4,205.32
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		9,615.91	0.07
Significant accounting a 1"		21,521.03	10,597.93
Significant accounting policies	۸ ==	24,02	23,458.62
Notes on financial statements	1-43		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of Consolidated financial statements. As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

B S D & Co.

(Regn. No. -0003128)

Parmer M.No. 087919

Place: New Delhi Date: 28 May 2022 For and on behalf of board of directors

Puncet Goyal

Director DIN: 05344679

Pardeep Singhal Chief Financial Officer Rajendra Kumar Sharma

Chief Executive Officer & Whole Time Director

DIN: 07084868

Arun Singh Company Secretary

Regd. Office: 10,Local Shopping Centre,Kalkaji New Delhi-110019

CIN: U70102DL2006PLC149167

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Particulars	Note	Year Ended 31 March 2022	(Amount in Laklis) Year Ended 31 March 2021
	No.		
REVENUE Revenue from Operations	10	646.20	
Other Income	18 19	646.30 36.53	653,65
TOTAL INCOME	1,9	682,83	193.91 847.5 6
EXPENSES			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cost of Material Consumed, Construction & Other Related Project Cost	20	629.99	1,457.93
Changes in Inventories of Finished stock	21	981.89	(12.12)
Employee Benefits Expense	22	1.34	(0.35)
Finance Costs	23	331.98	56,70
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	24	7.95	3.62
Other Expenses	25	5.19	19.13
TOTAL EXPENSES		1,958.34	1,524.91
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax		(1,275.51)	(677.35)
Tax Expense	26	(319.32)	(164.96)
Profit/(Loss) For The Year(A)		(956.19)	(512.39)
Other Comprehensive Income			
1) Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss			
Remeasurements of the Net Defined Benefit Plans		(0.27)	8.55
Tax On Remeasurements of The Net Defined Benefit Plans - Actuarial Gain or Loss		4.07	(2.15)
		0,07	(2.15)
Total Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)(B)		(0.20)	6.40
Total Comprehensive Income for the year (comprising of profit/(loss) for the year and other	r		
comprehensive income/(Loss))(A+B)		(956.39)	(505,99)
Net Profit attributable to :			***
a) Owners of the Company		(956.19)	(512.39)
b) Non Controlling Interest		•	, ·
Other Comprehensive Income attributable to: a) Owners of the Company		(0.20)	- 10
b) Non Controlling Interest		(0.20)	6.40
Total Comprehensive Income attributable to :			
a) Owners of the Company b) Non Controlling Interest		(956.39)	(505.99)
Parning Per Equity Share-Basic & Diluted (In Rupees)	27	(47.81)	(25.62)
Significant accounting policies	Λ		
Notes on financial statements	1-43		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of Consolidated financial statements. As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

BSD&Co.

(Regn. No. -0003 J28) Chartered Accountants

Partner

M.No. 087919

Płące: New Delhi

Date: 28 May 2022

For and on behalf of board of directors

Puneet Goyal

Director

DIN: 953

Pardeep Singhal

Chief Financial Officer

Rajendra Kumar Sharma

Chief Executive Officer & Whole Time Director

DIN: 07084868

Arun Singh

Company Secretary

Regd. Office: 10,Local Shopping Centre,Kalkaji New Delhi-410019 CIN: U70102DL2006PLC149167

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Numbers	Amount in Lakhs	
Balance as at 1 April 2020	2,008,910	9,110.00	
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors	· -	-	
Restated balance as at April 1, 2020	2,008,910	9,110.00	
Changes in equity share capital during 2020-21	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Balance as at 31 March 2021	2,008,910	9,110.00	
Balance as at 1 April 2021	2,008,910	9,110.00	
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors		-	
Restated balance as at April 1, 2021	2,008,910	9,110.00	
Changes in equity share capital during 2021-22	_	<u> </u>	
Balance as at 31 March 2022	2,008,910	9,110.00	

B. Other Equity

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Attributable to the owners of Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited					
Description	Retained Earnings	Capital Other comprehensive Income		Total Other Equity		
Balance as at 1 April 2020	2,029.54	2,220.00	3.39	4,252.93		
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(512.39)	-		(512.39)		
Other Comprehensive Income		-	6.40	6.40		
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,517.15	2,220.00	9.79	3,746.94		
Balance as at 1 April 2021	1,517.15	2,220.00	9.79	3,746.94		
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(956.19)		-	(956.19)		
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	(0.20)	(0.20)		
Balance as at 31 March 2022	560.96	2,220.00	9.59	2,790.55		

The notes referred to above form an integral part of Consolidated financial statements.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of board of directors

BSD&Co.

(Regn. No. -0003128)

Chartered Accountants

Sijata Sharma

Partner

M.No. 087919

Place: New Delhi Date: 28 May 2022 Puneet Goyal

Director

DIN: 05344679

Chief Financial Officer

Rajendra Kumar Sharma

Chief Executive Officer & Whole Time Director

DIN: 07084868

Arun Singh

Company Secretary

Regd. Office: 10,Local Shopping Centre,Kalkaji New Delhi-110019 CIN: U70102DL2006PLC149167

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2022

	-	(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
A. Cash flow from operating activities		<u> </u>
Profit for the year before tax	(1,275.51)	(677.35)
Adjustments for :		` ′
Depreciation and amortization expense	10.07	5.57
Interest income	(27.25)	(173.71)
Interest and finance charges	599.19	285.05
Profit on sale of fixed assets	(0.60)	(0.09)
Bad Debts & advances written off	0.09	10.30
Liabilities no longer required written back	(2.92)	(15.92)
Operating profit before working capital changes	(696.93)	(566.15)
Adjustments for working capital	, ,	` '
Inventories	988.56	1,920.22
Trade receivables	1,146.26	(432.18)
Current Loans	6.09	1,005.12
Other financial assets	13,921.38	(170.08)
Other non-financial current Assets	(13,988.95)	(35.55)
Trade payables and other financial and non financial liabilities	(1,892.45)	(4,614.94)
	180.89	(2,327.41)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(516.04)	(2,893.56)
Direct tax paid/(refund)	(304.91)	(475.60)
Net cash generated/(used in) from Operating activities (A)	(211.13)	(2,417.96)
B Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets (including Capital work in progress)	(7.83)	(17.18)
Sale of fixed asset	3.34	0.44
Movement in Bank Deposits(net)	(0.24)	(0.29)
Interest received	27.25	173.71
Net cash generated from /(used in) investing activities (B)	22.52	156.68
C Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceed from borrowings(net).	650.00	2,547.03
Interest and finance charges paid	(335.29)	(244.18)
Net cash (used in)/generated from Financing activities (C)	314.71	2,302.85
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	126.10	41.57
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	49.90	8.33
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	176.00	49.90



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		(Amount in Lakhs)	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED	Vear Ended 31-Mar-22	Year Ended 31-Mar-21	
COMPONENTS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AS AT			
Cash on hand	3,30	2.27	
Balance with banks	167.79	47.63	
Cheques, drafts on hand	4.91	-	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	176.00	49.90	

RECONCILIATION STATEMENT OF CASH AND BANK BALANCES

		(Amount in Lakhs)	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED	Year Ended	Year Ended	
TOR THE TEAR ENDED	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-21	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year as per above	176.00	49.90	
Add: Fixed deposits with banks (lien marked)	4.99	4.75	
Cash and bank balances as per balance sheet (refer note 7 & 8)	180.99	54.65	

DISCLOSURE AS REQUIRED BY IND AS 7

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

(Amount in Lakhs)

31-Mar-22	Opening Balance Cash flows		Non Cash and other Changes	Closing balances
Short term unsecuted borrowings	2,584.26	650,00	258.02	3,492.28
Total liabilities from financial activities	2,584.26	650,00	258.02	3,492.28

31-Mar-21	Opening Balance	Cash flows	Non Cash and other Changes	(Amount in Lakhs) Closing balances	
Long term secured borrowings	14.26	(2.97)	(11.29)	-	
Short term unsecured borrowings	,	2,550,00	34.26	2,584.26	
Total liabilities from financial activities	14.26	2,547.03	22.97	2,584.26	

Note: Depreciation includes amount charged to cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of

Chartered Accountants

BSD&Co. (Regn. No. -000312S) For and on behalf of board of directors

Sujata Sharma Partner

M.No. 087919

Puneet Goyal Director

DIN: 05344679

Rajendra Kumar Sharma

Chief Executive Officer & Whole Time Director

DIN: 07084868

Place: New Delhi Date: 28 May 2022

Pardeep Singhal Chief Financial Officer

Arun Singh Company Secretary

A Significant Accounting Policies:

1 Corporate information

Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited ("The Company") and its subsidiaries (collectivelly referred to as "Group") are mainly into the business of real estate. The registered office of the Company is at 10,Local Shopping Centre Kalkaji,New Delhi-110019.

2 Significant Accounting Policies:

(i) Basis of Preparation

The financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 ('Ind AS') issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA'). The financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2022 were authorised and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 28th May 2022.

(ii) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements relate to Omaxe Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiary companies. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

- (a) The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are combined on a line by line basis by adding together like items of assets, liabilities, equity, incomes, expenses and cash flows, after fully eliminating intra-group balances and intra-group transactions.
- (b) Profits or losses resulting from intra-group transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and property, plant & equipment, are eliminated in full.
- (c) Where the cost of the investment is higher/lower than the share of equity in the subsidiary / associates at the time of acquisition, the resulting difference is disclosed as goodwill/capital reserve in the investment schedule. The said Goodwill is not amortised, however, it is tested for impairment at each Balance Sheet date and the impairment loss, if any, is provided for in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.
- (d) Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary.
- (e) The difference between the proceeds from disposal of investment in subsidiaries and the carrying amount of its assets less liabilities as on the date of disposal is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss being the profit or loss on disposal of investment in subsidiary.
- (f) Non Controlling Interest's share of profit / loss of consolidated subsidiaries for the year is identified and adjusted against the income of the group in order to arrive at the net income attributable to shareholders of the Company.
- (g) Non Controlling Interest's share of net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet separate from liabilities and the equity of the Company's shareholders.
- (h) Investment in Associates has been accounted under the equity method as per INDAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures.
- (i) The Company accounts for its share of post-acquisition changes in net assets of associates, after eliminating unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and its associates to the extent of its share, through its Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, to the extent such change is attributable to the associates' Statement of Profit and Loss and through its reserves for the balance based on available information.

(iii) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of returns and discounts to customers.

(a) Real estate projects

The company derives revenue from execution of real estate projects. Revenue from Real Estate project is recognised in accordance with Ind AS 115 which establishes a comprehensive framework in determining whether how much and when revenue is to be recognised.

Revenue from real estate projects are recognised upon transfer of control of promised real estate property to customer at an amount that reflects the consideration which the company expects to receive in exchange for such booking and is based on following 6 steps:

1. Identification of contract with customers

The company accounts for contract with a customer only when all the following criteria are met:

- Parties (i.e. the company and the customer) to the contract have approved the contract (in writing, orally or in accordance with business practices) and are committed to perform their respective obligations.
- The company can identify each customer's right regarding the goods or services to be transferred.
- The company can identify the payment terms for the goods or services to be transferred.
- The contract has commercial substance (i.e. risk, timing or amount of the company's future cash flow is expected to change as a result of

the contract) and

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- It is probable that the company will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods or services that will be transferred to the customer. Consideration may not be the same due to discount rate etc.
- 2. Identify the separate performance obligation in the contract:-

Performance obligation is a promise to transfer to a customer:

- Goods or services or a bundle of goods or services i.e. distinct or a series of goods or services that are substantially the same and are transferred in the same way.
- If a promise to transfer goods or services is not distinct from goods or services in a contract, then the goods or services are combined in a single performance obligation.
- The goods or services that is promised to a customer is distinct if both the following criteria are met:
- The customer can benefit from the goods or services either on its own or together with resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. The goods or services are capable of being distinct) and
- The company's promise to transfer the goods or services to the customer is separately identifiable from the other promises in the contract (Le The goods or services are distinct within the context of the contract).

3.Satisfaction of the performance obligation:-

The company recognizes revenue when (or as) the company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised goods or services to the customer.

The real estate properties are transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of Property.

4 Determination of transaction price:-

The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to customer excluding GST.

The consideration promised in a contract with a customer may include fixed amount, variable amount or both. In determining transaction price, the company assumes that goods or services will be transferred to the customer as promised in accordance with the existing contract and the contract can't be cancelled, renewed or modified

5 Allocating the transaction price to the performance obligation:-

The allocation of the total contract price to various performance obligation are done based on their standalone selling prices, the standalone selling price is the price at which the company would sell promised goods or services separately to the customers.

6. Recognition of revenue when (or as) the company satisfies a performance obligation:

Performance obligation is satisfied over time or at a point in time.

Performance obligation is satisfied over time if one of the criteria out of the following three is met:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes a benefit provided by the company's performance as the company performs.
- The company's performance creates or enhances an asset that a customer controls as asset is created or enhanced.
- The company's performance doesn't create an asset within an alternative use to the company and the company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Therefore the revenue recognition for a performance obligation is done over time if one of the criteria is met out of the above three else revenue recognition for a performance obligation is done at point in time.

The company disaggregate revenue from real estate projects on the basis of nature of revenue.

(b) Project Management Fee

Project Management fee is accounted as revenue upon satisfaction of performance obligation as per agreed terms.

(c) Interest Income

Interest due on delayed payments by customers is accounted on accrual basis.

(d)Income from trading sales

Revenue from trading activities is accounted as revenue upon satisfaction of performance obligation.

(e) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the payment is established.

(iv) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of a qualifying asset (including real estate projects) are considered as part of the cost of the asset/project. All other borrowing costs are treated as period cost and charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year in which incurred.

(v) Property, Plant and Equipment

Recognition and initial measurement

Properties plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives)

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on written down value method based on the useful life of the asset as specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The management estimates the useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in the case of steel shuttering and scaffolding, whose life is estimated as five years considering obsolescence.

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognized.

(vi) Intangible Assets

Recognition and initial measurement

Intangible assets are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalization criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Any trade discount and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Subsequent measurement (amortization and useful lives)

Intangible assets comprising of ERP & other computer software are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and are amortised over a period of four years on straight line method.

(vii) Goodwill on Consolidation

Goodwill represents the cost of acquired business as established at the date of acquisition of the business in excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or when events or circumstances indicate that the implied fair value of goodwill is less than its carrying amount.

(viii) Impairment of Non Financial Assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(ix) Financial Instruments

(a) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs

Subsequent measurement

- (1) Financial instruments at amortised cost the financial instrument is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:
- (a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- (b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. All other debt instruments are measured at Fair Value through other comprehensive income or Fair value through profit and loss based on Group's business model.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset is primarily de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

(b) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities are also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. These liabilities include borrowings and deposits.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or on the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

(c) Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified party fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of expected loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind-AS 109 and the amount recognised less cumulative amortization.

(d) Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 37 details how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

(e) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(x) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell as asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- . In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the

asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient date are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs:

- · Level 1- Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3- Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfer have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosure, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of nature, characteristics and

risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

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(xi) Inventories and Projects in progress

(a) Inventories

(i) Building material and consumable stores are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the basis of the 'First in

- (ii) Land is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on average method. Cost includes cost of acquisition and all related costs.
- (iii) Completed real estate project for sale and trading stock are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes cost of land, materials, construction, services and other related overheads.

(b) Projects in progress

Projects in progress are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of land, development rights, materials, construction, services, borrowing costs and other overheads relating to projects.

(xii) Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in currency INR, which is also the functional currency of the Group.

(b) Foreign currency transactions and balances

- i. Foreign currency transactions are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the date of respective transactions.
- ii. Financial assets and financial liabilities in foreign currencies existing at balance sheet date are translated at year-end rates.
- iii. Foreign currency translation differences related to acquisition of imported fixed assets are adjusted in the carrying amount of the related fixed assets. All other foreign currency gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(xiii) Retirement benefits

- i. Contributions payable by the Group to the concerned government authorities in respect of provident fund, family pension fund and employee state insurance are charged to the statement of profit and loss.
- ii. The Group is having Group Granuity Scheme with Life Insurance Corporation of India. Provision for granuity is made based on actuarial valuation in accordance with Ind AS-19.
- iii. Provision for leave encashment in respect of unavailed leave standing to the credit of employees is made on actuarial basis in accordance with Ind AS-19.
- iv. Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in other comprehensive income.

(xiv) Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

A provision is recognized when:

- the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event;
- it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

(xv) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the Net Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the Net Profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity share.

(xvi) Lease

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The Company has applied IND AS 116 w.e.f. 01.04.2019.In accordance with INDAS 116, the company recognises right of use assets representing its right of use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of right of use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before commencement date less any lease incentive received plus any initial direct cost incurred and an estimate of cost to be incurred by lessee in dismantling and removing underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right of use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liability. The right of use assets is depreciated using the Straight Line Method from the commencement date over the charter of lease term or useful life of right of use asset. The estimated useful life of right of use assets are determined on the same basis as those of Property, Plant and Equipment. Right of use asset are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the company uses incremental borrowing rate.

The lease liability is subsequently re-measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and re-measuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modification or to reflect revised-in-substance fixed lease payments. The company recognises amount of re-measurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to write off use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of right of use assets is reduced to zero and there is further reduction in measurement of lease liability, the company recognises any remaining amount of the re-measurement in Statement of Profit and Loss.

The company has elected not to apply the requirements of INDAS 116 to short term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less unless renewable on long term basis and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense over lease term.

(xvii) Income Taxes

- i. Provision for current tax is made based on the tax payable under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity)
- ii. Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

(xviii) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprises cash at bank and cash on hand, demand deposits and short term deposits which are subject to an insignificant change in value.

The amendment to Ind AS-7 requires entities to provide disclosure of change in the liabilities—arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non cash—changes (such as foreign exchange gain or loss). The Company has provided information for both current and comparative period in cash flow statement.

(xix) Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation of uncertainty Significant management judgements

When preparing the financial statements, management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

The following are significant management judgements in applying the accounting policies of the Group that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

(a) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognized is based on an assessment of the probability of the Group's future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilized.

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Estimation of uncertainty

(a) Recoverability of advances/receivables

At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

(b) Defined benefit obligation (DBO)

Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

(c) Provisions

At each balance sheet date basis the management judgment, changes in facts and legal aspects, the Group assesses the requirement of provisions against the outstanding warranties and guarantees. However the actual future outcome may be different from this judgement.

(d) Inventories

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value (NRV).

NRV for completed inventory is assessed including but not limited to market conditions and prices existing at the reporting date and is determined by the Company based on net amount that it expects to realise from the sale of inventory in the ordinary course of business. NRV in respect of inventories under construction is assessed with reference to market prices (by referring to expected or recent selling price) at the reporting date less estimated costs to complete the construction, and estimated cost necessary to make the sale. The costs to complete the construction are estimated by management.

(e) Fair value measurements

Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available) and non-financial assets. This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument / assets. Management bases its assumptions on observable date as far as possible but this may not always be available. In that case Management uses the best relevant information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

(f) Impairment of Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment on annual basis and whenever there is an indication that the recoverable amount of a cash generating unit (CGU) is less than the carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted. For Impairment loss, goodwill is allocated to CGU which benefits from the synergies of the acquisition and which represent the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose. The recoverable amount of CGU is determined based on higher of value in use and fair value less cost to sell and value in use is present value of future cash flows expected to be derived from CGU.

(g) Classification of assets and liabilities into current and non-current

The Management classifies assets and liabilities into current and non-current categories based on its operating cycle.

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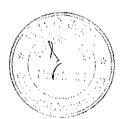
Note 1: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

						(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Plant and Machinery	Office Equipments	Forniture and Fixtures	Vehicle	Computer and Printers	Total
Gross carrying amount						
Balance as at 1 April 2020	14.77	9.11	4.51	•	0.33	28.72
Additions	3.84	13.33	-	-	-	17.17
Disposals	(0.09)	•	(1.29)	-	-	(1.38)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	18.52	22.44	3.22		0.33	44.51
Balance as at 1 April 2021	18.52	22,44	3.22	e e	0.33	44.51
Additions	0.13	3,20	-	4.50	•	7.83
Disposals	(3.25)	-	(0.33)	-	-	(3.58)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	15.40	25.64	2.89	4.50	0.33	48.76
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance as at 1 April 2020	7.18	6.29	2.33	-	0.31	16.11
Depreciation charge during the year	1.95	3.05	0.56	-	0.01	5.57
Disposats	(0.05)	-	(0.99)		-	(1.04)
Balance as at 31 March 2021	9.08	9.34	1.90	•	0.32	20.64
Balance as at 1 April 2021	9.08	9,34	1.90	w	0.32	20.64
Depreciation charge during the year	2,12	6.75	0.36	0.84	0,00	10.07
Disposals	(0.57)	-	(0.27)	-		(0.84)
Balance as at 31 March 2022	10.63	16.09	1.99	0.84	0.32	29.87
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2022	4.77	9.55	0.90	3.66	0.01	18.89
Net carrying amount as at 31 March 2021	9.44	13.10	1.32	-	0.01	23.87

Note:

(Amount in Lakhs) Year ended Year ended **Particulars** 31 March 2022 31 March 2021 Depreciation has been charged to 2.12 - Cost of material consumed, construction & other related project cost (refer note 20) 1.95 7.95 - Statement of profit & loss(refer note 24) 3.62 Total 10,07 5.57

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Note IA: GOODWILL ON CONSOLIDATION

Goodwill consist of the followings

Particulars
As at As at As at 31 March 2022

Balance at the Beginning of the year
Additional amount recognised from acquisition/(deletion) during the year (net)

Total

(Amount Lakhs)
As at As at 31 March 2022
31 March 2021

Poppin 99.90
99.90

The group tests goodwill annually for impairment. Goodwill of Rs. 90.90 Lakhs (PY Rs. 90.90 Lakhs) have been allocated to the respective business/projects from where goodwill is generated. The estimated value in use is based on future cash flows and annual growth rate. Based on reasonable assumption, the group did not identify any probable scenario in which the recoverable amount of cash generating unit would decrease below its carrying value, hence no impairment is required in the carrying value of goodwill.

Note 2: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Security deposit		
Considered Good	49.94	56.03
Total	49.94	56,03

Note - 3: DEFERRED TAX ASSETS - (NET)

The movement on the deferred tax account is as follows:

	(Amount in Lakins)
As at	As at
31 March 2022	31 March 2021
1,403.03	1,240.22
319.32	164.96
0.07	(2.15)
t,722.42	1,403.03
	31 March 2022 1,403.03 319.32 0.07 1,722.42

Component of deferred tax assets/ (liabilities):

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Deferred Tax Asset		
Difference between book and tax base of fixed assets	2.94	1.87
Expenses allowed on payment basis	1.19	1.06
Effect of Fair Valuation of Development Income	1,718.29	1,400.40
Total	1,722.42	1,403.03

Note 4: OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS

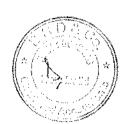
		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	. As at	As at
1 atticulais	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Prepaid Expenses	1.07	7.40
Total	1.07	7.40

Note 5: INVENTORIES

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Building Material and Consumables	50.56	57.24
Completed real estate projects	1,095,93	2,077.81
Total	1,146.49	2,135.05

Note 6 : TRADE RECEIVABLES

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		V
Considered Good	2,335.98	3,482.24
Total	2,335.98	3,482.24



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Note 6.1: Ageing of Trade Receivables as at March 31, 2022 is as follows:

(Rupees in Lakhs) Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment
Less than 6 6 months-1 1.2 Years 2.3 Years M **Particulars** More than 3 Total Not Due 1-2 Years 2-3 Years Years 337.59 months 158.75 Undisputed Trade Receivables-considered good 1,235.41 247.66 38.46 2,017.87 Undisputed Trade Receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk Undisputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired
Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good
Disputed Trade Receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk 56.77 261.34 318.11 Disputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired
Total 1,235.41 158.75 247.66 95.23 598.93 2,335.98 Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables Total 1,235.41 158.75 95.23 598.93 2,335.98

Ageing of Trade Receivables as at March 31, 2021 is as follows:

On-Hambarra	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					ent 1	es in Lakhs)
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months-1	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables-considered good	2,411,71	447.47	0.19	23.98	4.25	276.73	2 4 6 4 2 2
Undisputed Trade Receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk				20,00	7.20	270.13	3,164.33
Undisputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired							·
Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	12,32			83.36	46.06	176.17	247.04
Disputed Trade Receivables-which have significant increase in credit risk					-10.00	770.17	317,91
Disputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired							
Total	2,424,03						
Less: Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	2,424.03	447.47	0.19	107.34	50.31	452.90	3,482.24
Total							
· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,424.03	447.47	0.19	107.34	50.31	452.90	3,482.24

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Note 7: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		(Amount in Laklis)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 202f
Balances With Banks:-		
In Current Accounts	167.79	47.63
Cash On Hand	3.30	2.27
Theques, drafts on band	4.91	-
Total	176.00	49.90
Note 8 : OTHER BANK BALANCES		
		(Amount in Eakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Teld As Margin Money	4.99	4.75
Total	4.99	4.75
Jote 9: OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS- CURRENT		
		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
- Automats	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Advances Recoverable In Cash (Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Holding Company/Fellow subsidiary company	0.08	13,891.47
Others	890.62	920.61
Total Total	890.70	14,812,08

Note - 9.1

Particulars in respect of advance recoverable in eash from Holding Company/Fellow Subsidiary companies:

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Name of Company	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Omaxe Lanuted	-	13,890.40
Jagdamba Connactors and Builders Limited	-	0,30
Omaxe Buildhome Lamited		0.07
Omaxe Heritage Pervate Limited		0.28
Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited	0.08	0,38
Omaxe World Street Private Limited		6.04
Total	0.08	13,891.47

Note - 10,2

Loans and advances to specified person:

	As at 31	March 2022	As at 3	31 March 2021
Type of Party	Amount of advance in the nature of loan outstanding (Rupees in Lakhs)	Percentage to the total advances in the nature of loans	Amount of advance in the nature of loan outstanding (Rupees in Lakhs)	Percentage to the total advances in the nature of loans
Related Parties	0.08	0.01%	13,891.47	93.78° a



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Note 10: OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

		(Amount of Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Advance against goods, services and others		
- Fellow Subsidiary Company	I-4,CN 00.4 NJ	_
- Others	310,80	317 44
	14,310.80	317.44
Balance With Government / Statutory Authorities	478.56	474.69
Prepaul Expenses	14.45	16.48
Total	14,803.81	808.61
Note - 10,1		
Particulars in respect of advances to Subsidiary of Fellow Subsidiaries Company are as under:		(Amount in Lakhs)
Name of Company	As at	As at
Traine or company	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Omaxe Gary Builtech Private Limited	14,000.00	-
Total	14,000.00	



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		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Authorised		
15,00,000 (15,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	150.00	150.00
5,00,000 (5,00,000) Superior Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	50.00	50.00
2,410 (2,410) Class A Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000/- each	2,410.00	2,410,00
6,311 (6,311) Class B Equity Shares of Rs. 100,0007- each	6,311.00	6,311.00
189 (189) Class C Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000/- cach	189.00	189.00
9,420 (9,420) Class A Preference Shares of Rs. 92,579/- each	8,720.94	8,720.94
50 (50) Class B Preference Shares of Rs. 100,000/- each	50.00	50.00
2,220 (2,200) Non - cumulative Redeemable Class C Preference Shares of Rs. 100,000/- each	2,220.00	2,220.00
	20,100.94	20,100.94
Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up		
15,00,000 (15,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each fully paid up	150.00	150.00
5,00,000 (5,00,000) Superior Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	50.00	50.00
2,410 (2,410) Class A Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000 each fully paid up	2,410.00	2,410.00
6,311 (6,311) Class B Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000 each fully paid up	6,311.00	6,311.00
189 (189) Class C Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000 each fully paid up	189,00	189.00
Total	9,110.00	9,110.00
(figures in bracket represent those of previous year)	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	

Note - 11.1 Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

Particulars	31 ñ	As at March 2022	As at 31 March 2021	
a) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	Numbers	Amount in Lakhs	Numbers	Amount in Lakhs
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	1,500,000	150.00	1,500,000	150,00
Shares Issued during the year	•	-		-
Shares bought back during the year			-	
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	1,500,000	150.00	1,500,000	150.00
b)Superior Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	500,000	50.00	500,000	50,00
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	•	-
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	500,000	50.00	500,000	50.00
c)Class A Equity Shares of Rs. 1,00,000 each fully paid up				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	2,410	2,410.00	2,410	2,410.00
Shares Issued during the year	-	-		-
Shares bought back during the year	•	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	2,410	2,410.00	2,410	2,410.00
d)Class B Equity Shares of Rs. 1,00,000 each fully paid up				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	6,311	6,311.00	6,311	6,311.00
Shares Issued during the year		-		-
Shares bought back during the year		•		-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	6,311	6,311.00	6,311	6,311.00
e)Class C Equity Shares of Rs. 1,00,000 each fully paid up				
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	189	189.00	189	189.00
Shares Issued during the year	-	-	-	
Shares bought back during the year	-	-	-	
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	189	189.00	189	189.00



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Terms/rights attached to shares

- (a) Equity shares having a face value of Rs 10 per share shall be entitled to one vote per share and to receive dividend; if any, when declared by the company and approved by the shareholders in the Annual general Meeting.
- (b) "Superior Equity Shares" having a face value of Rs. 10 each shall rank pari passu in all respects with the ordinary equity shares of the Company save and except to the extent that such shares shall carry a superior right to dividend upon declaration of dividend by the Company.
- (c) "Equity Class A Share" having a face value of Rs. 1,00,000 each shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary equity shares of the Company save and except to the extent that such shares will not have right to (i) any dividend and (ii) any voting rights other than in the class meeting of members of such shares.
- (d) "Fquity Class B Share" having a face value of Rs. 1,00,000 each shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary equity shares of the Company save and except to the extent that such shares will not have right to (i) any dividend and (ii) any voting rights other than in the class meeting of members of such shares.
- (e) "Equity Class C Share" having a face value of Rs. 1,00,000 each shall rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary equity shares of the Company save and except to the extent that such shares will not have right to (f) any dividend and (ii) any voting rights other than in the class meeting of members of such shares.
- (f) Class A Preference Shares* have a face value of Rs. 92,579 each. These shares may be issued in any combination coupled with such rights, privileges and conditions as may be decided by Board from time to time.
- (g) Class B Preference Shares have a face value of Rs. 1,00,000 each. These shares may be issued in any combination coupled with such rights, privileges and conditions as may be decided by Board from time to time.
- (b) Class C Non-Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares have a face value of Rs. 1,00,000 each. These shares had been fully redeemed. These shares may be issued / reissued in any combination coupled with such rights, privileges and conditions as may be decided by Board from time to time.

Note - 11.3

Shares held by holding company and subsidiaries of holding Company in aggregate

Name of Sharcholder	31 N	As at 31 March 2021		
Name of Shareholder	Number of shares held	Amount in Lakhs	Number of shares held	Amount in Lakhs
Equity Shares				
Omaxe Limited(Holding Company)				
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	1,495,000	149.50	1,495,000	149.50
Superior Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	500,000	50.00	500,000	50.00
Class A Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000 each	2,410	2,410.00	2,410	2,410.00
Class B Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000 each	6,311	6,311.00	6,311	6,311.00
Class C Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000 each	189	189.00	189	189.00
Omaxe Buildwell Limited(Fellow Subsidiary Company)		•		-
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	5,000	0.50	5,000	0.50

Note - 11.4

Detail of shareholding holding more than 5% shares in capital of company
Equity Shares

Name of Shareholder	31 M	As at 31 March 2021		
Name of Sharehorder	Number of shares held	% of Holding	Number of shares held	% of Holding
Omaxe Limited(Holding Company)				
Equity Shares of Rs.10 each	1,495,000	99.67	1,495,000	99,67
Superior Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each	500,000	100.00	500,000	100,001
Class A Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000 each	2,410	100.00	2,410	100.00
Class B Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000 each	6,311	100.00	6,311	100.00
Class C Equity Shares of Rs. 100,000 each	189	100,00	189	100,00

Note - 11.5

The Company has not allotted any fully paid up shares pursuant to contract(s) without payment being received in each and has neither allotted any fully paid up shares by way of bonus shares nor has bought back any class of shares during the period of five years Immediately preceeding the balance sheet date.



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Note - 11.6 Shareholding of promoter

Shares held by promoter as at March 31, 2022

Shares held by promoters					
Promoter Name		arch 31, 2022	As at Ma	% Change during the	
Tromoter Ivame	No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares	year
Omaxe Limited:					<u> </u>
Equity Shares	1495000	74.42	1,495,000	74.42	
Equity Class B Shares	6311	0.31	6,311	0.31	
Equity Class C Shares	189	0.01	189	0.01	<u>-</u>
Equity Class A Shares	2410	0.12	2,410	0.12	
Superior Equity Shares	500000	24.89	500,000	24.89	
Omaxe Buildwell Limited:					-
Equity Shares	5000	0.25	5,000	0.25	
	2,008,910	100.00	2,008,910	100.00	

Shareholding of promoter

Shares held by promoter as at March 31, 2021

Shares held by promoters						
Promoter Name	As at Ma	arch 31, 2021	As at Ma	arch 31, 2020	% Change during the	
Tromoter rame	No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	<u> </u>	year	
Omaxe Limited:						
Equity Shares	1495000	74.42	1,495,000	74.42		
Equity Class B Shares	6311	0.31	6,311	0.31		
Equity Class C Shares	189	0.01	189	0.01		
Equity Class A Shares	2410	0.12	2,410	0.12		
Superior Equity Shares	500000	24.89	500,000	24.89		
Omaxe Buildwell Limited:			,			
Equity Shares	5000	0.25	5,000	0.25		
	2,008,910	100.00	2,008,910	100.00	-	

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Note 12: PROVISIONS-NON CURRENT

Particulars

Y = 1 1	120 44	no at
Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Leave Encashment	0.70	0.60
Gratuity	3.87	3.15
Total	4.57	3.75
Note 13: -BORROWING CURRENT		
		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Intercorporate Loan	3,200.00	2,550.00
Interest accrued & due on borrowings	292.28	34.26
Total	3,492.28	2,584.26
Note 14 : CURRENT TRADE PAYABLES		
		(Amount in Lakhs)
De de la companya de	As at	As at
Particulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises :		
Other Trade Payables due to micro enterprises and small enterprises	21.42	26.18
Total (A)	21.42	26.18
'Total outstanding dues of creditor other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		

Note - 14.1

Total(A+B)

authorities

- Others

Total(B)

Deferred Payment Liabilities

Other Trade Payables -Fellow Subsidiary companies

* The information as required to be disclosed under The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("the Act") has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified by the company, on the basis of information and records available.

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 Match 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006	21.42	26.18
Interest accrued and due to supplier under MSMED Act, 2006 on above amount	18.11	11.56
Payment made to suppliers (other than interest) beyond appointed day during the year	4.69	8.76
Interest paid to suppliers under MSMED Act, 2006	-	-
Interest due and payable on payment made to suppliers beyond appointed date during the		3.20
year	0.79	
Interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	24.49	18.62
Interest charged to statement of profit and loss account during the year for the purpose of		5.31
disallowance under section 23 of MSMED Act, 2006	5.87	51.71



- In respect of development & other charges to be paid on deferred credit terms to

(Amount in Lakhs)

As at

1,300.03

261.42

1,561,45

1,587.63

As at

1,300.03

1.81

207.44

1,509.28

1,530.70

Note-14.2: Ageing of Trade Payables Outstanding as at 31 March, 2022 is as follows:

(Rupees in Lakhs)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments						
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
MSME	-	-	0.39	4.05	16.98	21.42	
Others	126.53	19.17	11.76	27.39	1,324.43	1,509.28	
Disputed dues- MSME		-	-	ш	-	, ,	
Disputed dues- Others	-	-	-	-	-		
Total	126.53	19.17	12.15	31.44	1,341.41	1,530.70	

Ageing of Trade Payables Outstanding as at 31 March, 2021 is as follows:

(Rupees in Lakhs)

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments							
Particulars	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
MSME	2.98	0.24	17.02	0.35	5.59	26.18		
Others	120.80	77.07	14.76	29.21	1,319.61	1,561.45		
Disputed dues-	_			-	-	-		
MSME Disputed dues-				•				
Others					7	-		
Total	123.78	77.31	31.78	29.56	1,325.20	1,587 <i>.</i> 63		

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Note 15: CURRENT OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

		_(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Rebate Payable	39.89	
Security Deposit Received	44.15	50.55
Employees Payable	1.09	9.84
Interest On Trade Payables	339.44	333.57
Advance from related parties	-	1,727.91
Others	24.76	98.78
Total	449.33	2,220.65

Note 16: OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Statutory Dues Payable	34.02	12.61
Advance from customers and others		
From subsidiary companies	1,418.99	-
From others	2,690.50	4,192.72
Total	4,143.51	4,205.32

Note 17: PROVISIONS -CURRENT

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulats	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Leave Encashment	0.01	0.01
Gratuity	0.08	0.06
Total	0.09	0.07

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Note 18 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Particulars '	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
Income From Real Estate Projects	281.48	47.01
. Income From Trading Goods	. 6.56	27.50
Income from construction contracts	•	561.22
Other Operating Income	358.26	17.91
Total	646.30	653.65

Disaggregation of revenue is as below:-

(Amount in Lakhs)

	Year Ended 31 March 2022			Year Ended 31 March 2021		
Nature of Revenue	Operating Revenue	Other Operating Revenue	Total	Operating Revenue	Other Operating Revenue	Total
Real Estate Projects	281.48	L4.77	296.25	47.01	12.51	59.52
Teading	6.56	-	6.56	27.50	-	27.50
Others	-	343.49	343.49	561.22	5.40	566.62
Total	288,04	358.26	646,30	635,74	17.91	653.65

While disclosing the aggregate amount of transaction price yet to be recognised as revenue towards unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations, the Company has applied the practical expedient in Ind AS 115. The aggregate value of transaction price allocated to unsatisfied (or partially satisfied) performance obligations is Rs.Nil (Rs. 2650.80 Lakhs previous year) which is expected to be recognised as revenue in the subsequent years, however revenue to be recognised in next one year is not ascertainable due to nature of inclustry in which company is operating.

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
Advances at beginning of the year	4,192.72	4,981.08
Add: Advances received during the year (net)	563.07	(134.71)
Less; Revenue recognised during the year	646,30	653.65
Advances at the end of the year	4,109.49	4,192.72

Reconciliation of revenue recognised with the contracted price is as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
Contracted price	851.83	653.65
Reduction towards variable consideration components	205.53	
Revenue recognized	646.30	653.65

Note 19: OTHER INCOME

Particulars

Total

(Amount in Lakhs) Year Ended Year Ended 31 March 2022 31 March 2021 Interest Income on bank deposits 0.29 Interest Income Others 27,00 173.42 Profit on sale of fixed assets 0,60 0.09 Liabilities No Longer Required Written Back (Net) 2.92 15.92 Miscellaneous Income 5.76 4.19 36.53 193.91



Note 20 : COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED, CONSTRUCTION & OTHER RELATED PROJECT COST

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2022	(Amount in Lakhs) Year Ended 31 March 2021
Inventory at the Beginning of The Year		·
Building Materials and Consumables	57.24	80.35
land		1,909.22
	57.24	1,989.57
Add: Incurred During The Year		
Land, development and other rights		(993.37)
Building Materials Purchased	105.37	160.59
Construction Cost	119.68	138.73
Employee cost	11.90	9.97
Rates and taxes	8.24	8.83
Administration Expenses	79.30	16,87
Depreciation	2.12	1.95
Power & Fuel and Other Electrical Cost	28.67	(46.32)
Repairs and maintenance-plant and machinery	0.82	
Finance Cost	267.21	228.35
	623,31	(474.40)
Less: Inventory at the End of The Year		
Building Materials and Consumables	50.56	57.24
Land	-	_
	50.56	57.24
Total	629.99	1,457.93

Note 21: CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF PROJECT IN PROGRESS AND FINISHED STOCK

		(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended	Year Ended
Tarticulars	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Inventory at the Beginning of the Year		
Completed Real Estate Project	2,077.82	2,065.70
	2,077.82	2,065.70
Inventory at the End of the Year		
Completed Real Estate Project	1,095.93	2,077.82
	1,095.93	2,077.82
Changes In Inventory	981.89	(12,12)

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Note 22 : EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

Total

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended
Salaries, Wages, Allowances And Bonus (Including Managerial Remuneration)	12.32	31 March 2021
Contribution To Provident And Other Funds		8.3
Staff Welfare Expenses	0.68	1.1
	0,24	0,1
Less: Allocated to Projects	13.24	9.6
Total		9.9
	1.34	(0.3
Note 23: FINANCE COST		
Particulars	51	(Amount in Lakh
arremars	Year Ended	Year Ended
Interest On	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
-Term Loans		
-Others	324.76	45.8
Bank charges	257,64	217.50
"	16.79	21.74
Less: Allocated to Projects	599.19	285.05
Total	267.21	228.35
	331.98	56.70
articulars	Year Ended	(Amount in Lakhs Year Ended
Depreciation on tangible assets	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Total Control of the	7,95	3.62
	7.95	3.62
iote 25 : OTHER EXPENSES		
articulars	Year Ended	(Amount in Lakhs) Year Ended
Administrative Expenses	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Short Term Lease		······································
Rates And Taxes	0,79	1.06
Repairs And Maintenance-Others	73.75	0.25
repair Aute arantenance-Omers		
Mobielo Riposiana Anal Maliana	0.11	2.55
		2.55
Travelling And Conveyance	0.99	1.06
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges	0.99 0.09	1.06 0.04
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery	0.99 0.09 7.64	1.06 0.04 17.81
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier Auditors' Remuneration	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11 0.06	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02 (0.00)
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier Auditors' Remuneration Bad Debts & advances written off	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11 0.06 0.66	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02 (0.00) 0.67
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier Auditors' Remuneration Bad Debts & advances written off Corporate Social Responsibility expenses	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11 0.06 0.66 0.09	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02 (0.00) 0.67 10.30
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier Auditors' Remuneration Bad Debts & advances written off Corporate Social Responsibility expenses	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11 0.06 0.66 0.09	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02 (0.00) 0.67 10.30 1.28
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier Auditors' Remuneration Bad Debts & advances written off Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Miscellancous Expenses	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11 0.06 0.66 0.09	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02 (0.00) 0.67 10.30 1.28 0.90
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier Auditors' Remuneration Bad Debts & advances written off Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Miscellaneous Expenses	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11 0.06 0.66 0.09 	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02 (0.00) 0.67 10.30 1.28 0.90
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier Auditors' Remuneration Bad Debts & advances written off Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Miscellaneous Expenses	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11 0.06 0.66 0.09 	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02 (0.00) 0.67 10.30 1.28 0.90 35,94
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier Auditors' Remuneration Bad Debts & advances written off Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Less: Allocated to Projects Selling Expenses	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11 0.06 0.66 0.09 	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02 (0.00) 0.67 10.30 1.28 0.90
Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier Auditors' Remuneration Bad Debts & advances written off Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Less: Allocated to Projects Selling Expenses Business Promotion	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11 0.06 0.66 0.09 	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02 (0.00) 0.67 10.30 1.28 0.90 35,94 16.87
Vehicle Running And Maintenance Travelling And Conveyance Legal And Professional Charges Printing And Stationery Postage, Telephone & Courier Auditors' Remuneration Bad Debts & advances written off Corporate Social Responsibility expenses Miscellaneous Expenses Less: Allocated to Projects Selling Expenses Business Promotion Advertisement And Publicity	0.99 0.09 7.64 0.11 0.06 0.66 0.09 	1.06 0.04 17.81 0.02 (0.00) 0.67 10.30 1.28 0.90 35,94

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Note 26: INCOME TAX	(Amount in Lakhs)
Particualrs	Year Ended	Year Ended
- Treating	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Tax expense comprises of:		_ _
Deferred tax	(319.32)	(164,96)
	(210, 22)	

The major components of income tax expense and the reconciliation of expected rax expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of the Company at 25.17% and the reported tax expense in statement of profit and loss are as follows:

	(Amount in Lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
Accounting profit/(loss) before tax	(1,275.51)	(677.35)
Applicable tax rate	25.17° n	25.17" "
Computed tax expense	(321.02)	(170.48)
Tax effect of:	` ,	(*
Tax impact of disallowable expenses	1,37	4.48
Others	319.65	166.00
Current Tax (A)	-	
Earlier year tax adjustment (B)	-	_
Deferred Tax Provisions		
Decrease in deferred tax assets on account of provisions, fair valuation of development income and others	(319.32)	(164.96)
Total Deferred Tax Provisions (C)	(319.32)	(164.96)
Tax Expenses recognised in statement of Profit & Loss(A+B+C)	(319.32)	(164.96)
Effective Tax Rate	25.03%	24.35%

Note 27 : EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
Profit/(Loss) attributable to equity shareholders (Amount in Lakhs)	(956.19)	(512,39)
Weighted average number of equity shares	2,000,000	2,000,000
Nominal value per share	10.00	10.00
Earnings per equity share		
Basic	(47.81)	(25.62)
Diluted	(47.81)	(25.62)

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Note 28: CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

			(Amount in Lakhs
	Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
1	Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts (to the extent quantifiable)	202.24	133.32
11	Bank guarantee given by holding company on behalf-of company	686.37	686.37
III	Corporate Guarantees Amount outstanding in respect of Corporate Guarantee given on account of loan availed by Holding Company namely omaxe Limited	3,292.90	6,579,06
IV	Disputed tax amounts -Service tax -Income tax	23.99	23.99
V	The Company may be contingently liable to pay damages / interest in the process of execution of real estate and construction projects and for specific non-performance of certain agreements, the amount of which cannot presently be ascertained	Amount	Amount unascertainable

Note 29: Balances of trade receivable, trade payable, loan/ advances given and other financial and non financial assets and liabilities are subject to reconciliation and confirmation from respective parties. The balance of said trade receivable, trade payable, loan/ advances given and other financial and non financial assets and liabilities are taken as shown by the books of accounts. The ultimate outcome of such reconciliation and confirmation cannot presently be determined, therefore, no provision for any liability that may result out of such reconciliation and confirmation has been made in the financial statement, the financial impact of which is unascertainable due to the reasons as above stated.

Note 30: CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

			(Amount in Lakhs)
S.NO	Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
я,	The Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year as per section 135 of Companies Act 2013 read with Schedule VII	Nil	1.26
b.	Amount spent during the year on : i) Construction/acquisition of any assets ii) On Purpose other than (i) above		
c.	Unspent Amount in CSR The breakup of expenses included in amount spent are as under	- Nil	1.28 Nil
	Skill Development Environment sustainability and ecological balance	•	
	Covid-19 Relief	-	0.33 0.95

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Note 31: EMPLOYEE BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

1) Post-Employment Obligations - Gratuity

The Group provides gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Acr, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employees' last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied by the number of years of service. For the funded plan the Company makes contributions to recognised funds in India. The Group does not fully fund the liability and maintains a target level of funding to be maintained over a period of time based on estimations of expected gratuity payments.

The amounts recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

a.			(Amount in Lakhs)
	Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets Present value obligation as at the end of the year	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
	Pair value of plan assets as at the end of the sear	3.95	3.21
	Net liability (asset) recognized in balance sheet	3.95	3,21

b,			(Amount in Lakhs)
	Particulars	As at	As at
İ	Current liability	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	Non-current liability	0.08	0.06
	Total	3.87	3.15
,		3.95	3.21

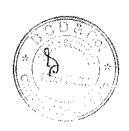
c.			(Amount in Lakhs)
	Expected contribution for the next annual reporting period	As at	As at
	Service Cost	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	Net Interest Cost	0.29	0.26
	Total	0.28	0.22
	*************************************	0.57	0.48

Changes in defined benefit obligation Present value obligation as at the beginning of the year	As at 31 March 2022	(Amount in Lakhs) As at 31 March 2021
Interest cost	3.21	10.80
Actuarial loss/(gain) on obligations	0.22	0.73
Service cost	0.27	(8.55)
Present value obligation as at the end of the year	0.26	0.23
- The state of the year	3,96	3.21

e.			(Amount in Lakhs)
	Amount recognized in the statement of profit and loss	Year ended	Year ended
	Current service cost	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	Net Interest cost	0.26	0,23
	Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss	0.22	0.73
	prome and too prome and toss	0.48	0.96

	omprehensive Income	Year ended 31 March 2022	(Amount in Lakhs) Year ended 31 March 2021
Actuarial	dative unrecognized actuarial gain/(loss) opening gain/(loss) on PBO	13.08	4.53
	gain/(loss) for the year on Asset nised actuarial gain/(loss) at the end of the year	(0.27)	8.55 (
	gran (total) at the clid of the year	12.81	13.08

g.	Economic Assumptions	As at	As at
	Discount rate	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	Future salary increase	7.18%	6.80°6
	······································	6.00%	6.00°°



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h.	Demographic Assumptions	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
	Refirement Age (Years)	58	58
	Mortality rates inclusive of provision for disability	LVLM (2012-14)	LMM (2012-14)
	Ages	Withdrawal Rate (* »)	
	Up to 30 Years	3.00	
	From 31 to 44 Years	2.00	1
	Above 44 Years	1.00	

(Amount in Lakhs)

i, Sensitivity analysis for gratuity liability	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Impact of the change in discount rate		
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	3.95	3.20
a) Impact due to increase of 0.50 ° a	(0.23)	
b) Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	0.25	0.22

(Amount in Lakhs)

Impact of the change in salary increase	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
Present value of obligation at the end of the year	3.95	3.20
a) Impact due to increase of 0.50%	0.25	0.22
b) Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	(0.24)	(0.20)

(Amount in Lakhs)

	<u> </u>		
k,	Maturity Profile of Defined Benefit Obligation	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
	Year	****	
	0 to 1 year	0.08	0.06
	1 to 2 year	0.06	0.06
	2 to 3 year	0.06	0.05
	3 to 4 year	0.06	0.05
	4 to 5 year	0.06	0.05
	5 to 6 year	0.06	0.05
	6 years onwards	3.57	2.89
		1	

l,	The major categories of plan assets are as follows: (As Percentage of total Plan Assets)	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021
	Funds Managed by Insurer	-	-

2) Leave Encashment

Provision for leave encashment in respect of unavailed leaves standing to the credit of employees is made on actuarial basis. The Company does not maintain any fund to pay for leave encashment

3) Defined Contribution Plans

The Group also has defined contribution plan i.e. contributions to provident fund in India for employees. The Company makes contribution to statutory fund in accordance with Employees Provident Fund and Misc. Provision Act, 1952. This is post employment benefit and is in the nature of defined contribution plan. The contributions are made to registered provident fund administered by the government. The provident fund contribution charged to statement of profit & loss for the year ended 31 March, 2022 amount to Rs. 0.59 Lakhs (PY Rs. 0.91 Lakhs).



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Note 32: LEASES

Short Term Lease Payment debited to Statement of Profit and Loss Account Rs. 0.79 Lakhs (1.06 Lakhs) pertaining to short term lease arrangement for a period of less than one year.

Note 33: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
Audit fees	0.62	0.62
Certification fee	0.04	0.05
Total	0.66	0.67

Note 34: SEGMENT INFORMATION

In line with the provisions of Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments and on the basis of review of operations being done by the management of the Group, the operations of the Group falls under real estate business, which is considered to be the only reportable segment by management.

(Amount in Lakhs)

Revenue from operations	Year Ended 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2021
Within India	646.30	653.65
Outside India	-	-
Total	646.30	653.65

None of the non-current assets are held outside India.

Single Customer represents 10% or more of Company's total revenue for the year ended 31st March 2022 are as under:

(Amount in Lakhs)

	No. of Customers 31 March 2022	Year Ended 31 March 2022	No. of Customers 31 March 2021	Year Ended 31 March 2021
Customer represents 10% or more of total revenue	4	1,264.59	2	851.49

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Note 35: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

(i) Financial Assets by category

Total Financial Liabilities

(Amount in Lakhs) As at As at Particulars Note 31 March 2022 31 March 2021 Financial Assets At Amortised Cost Non Current Loans 2 49.94 56.03 Current Trade Receivables 6 2,335.98 3,482.24 Cash & Cash Equivalents 7 176.00 49.90 Other Bank Balances 4.99 8 4.75 Other Financial Assets 9 890.70 14,812.08 Total Financial Assets 3,457.61 18,405.00 Financial Liabilities At Amortised Cost Non-current liabilities Current Liabilities Borrowings 13 3,492.28 2,584.26 Trade Payables 14 1,530.70 1,587,63 Other Financial Liabilities 15 449.33 2,220.65

(ii) Pair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

(Amount	in l	l,ak	hs)	

6,392.54

5,472,31

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022		As at 31 Man	ch 2021
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial Assets				
Non Current	V 1000			"
Loans	49.94	49.94	56.03	56.03
Current				****
Trade Receivables	2,335.98	2,335.98	3,482.24	3,482.24
Cash & Cash Equivalents	176.00	176.00	49,90	49.90
Other Bank Balances	4.99	4.99	4.75	4.75
Other Financial Assets	890.70	890.70	14,812.08	14,812.08
Total Financial Assets	3,457.61	3,457.61	18,405.00	18,405.00
Financial Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				<u> </u>
Current Liabilities	***************************************			
Borrowings	3,492.28	3,492.28	2,584.26	2,584.26
Trade Payables	1,530,70	1,530.70	1,587.63	1,587.63
Other Financial Liabilities	449.33	449.33	2,220.65	2,220.65
Total Financial Liabilities	5,472.31	5,472.31	6,392.54	6,392.54

For short term financial assets and liabilities carried at amortized cost, the carrying value is reasonable approximation of fair value.

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Note 36: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activates expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The management has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the cutting manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

Credit risk

Gredit risk is the resk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Group. The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by eash and eash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

Credit risk management

Credit risk rating

The Group assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date

B: Moderate credit risk

C: High credit risk

The Group provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Credit risk	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low-credit risk		12 month expected credit loss
	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances	
Moderate credit risk	Frade receivables and Other Financial Assets	Life time expected credit loss or 12 month expected credit loss

Based on business environment in which the Group operates, a default on a financial asset is considered when the counter party fails to make payments within the agreed time period as per contract. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a bigation decided against the Group. The Group continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. Recoveries made are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

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Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 202f
A: Low eredit risk	Cash and cash equivalents and other Bank Balances	180.99	54.65
B: Moderate credit risk	Trade receivables, and other financial assets	3,276.61	18,350,35

Concentration of trade receivables

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers spread across various states in India with no significant concentration of credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Lequelity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering eash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its habilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the financial liabilities into relevant maturity pattern based on their contractual maturities.

(Amount in Lakhs)

	(Ans											
Particulars	Less than I year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	3 - 6 years	Total	Carrying Amount						
As at 31 March 2022												
Short term Borrowings	3,492.28			-	3,492.28	3,492.28						
Trade Payables	1,530.70	-	-		1,530.70	1,530.70						
Other Financial Liabilities	449.33	-		_	449.33	449,33						
Total	5,472.31	-	-	-	5,472.31	5,472.31						
As at 31 March 2021												
Borrowings	2,584.26	-		- 1	2,584.26	2,584.26						
Trade Payables	1,587.63			,	1,587,63	1,587.63						
Other Financial Liabilities	2,220.65		-		2,220.65	2,220.65						
Total	6,392.54			-	6,392.54	6,392,54						

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Market risk Interest Rate risk

The Group's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. At VIst March the group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates. Other borrowings are at fixed interest rates.

Group's exposure to interest rate risk on borrowings is as follows:

Particulars		(Amount in Lakhs)
	As at	As at
Variable rate	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
Fixed rate Total	3,192.28	2,584.26
Z-OTH	3,492.28	2,584,26

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of profit and equity to a possible change in interest rates of ±/- 1% (31 March 2022: ±/- 4% 3 31 March 2021: ±/-1% a). These changes are considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions. The calculations are based on a change in the average market interest rate for each period, and the financial instruments held at each reporting date that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. All other variables are held constant

Particulars	<u> </u>	(Amount in Laklis)
	Profit for the year	Profit for the year
31 March 2022	+1%	-1%
31 March 2021	,	-
		-



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Note 37 :Related Parties disclosures

A. Related Parties are classified as :

(a) Ultimate Holding company

1.Guild Builders Private Limited

b)Holding Company

1. Omaxe Limited

c) Fellow Subsidiary Companies

- 1. Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited
- 2. Jagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited
- 3. Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited
- 4. Omaxe Buildhome Limited
- 5. Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited
- Omaxe World Street Private Limited
- 7. Omaxe Heritage Private Limited

d) Subsidiary companies of Fellow Subsidiary Company

- 1. Omaxe India Trade Centre Private Limited
- 2. Bhanu Infrabuild Private Limited

e) Entities over which key managerial personnel or their relatives exercises significant influence

1. Magppie Living Private Limited

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(B) TRANSACTION DURING THE YEAR WITH RELATED PARTIES:

(Amount in Lakhs) Entities over which key Holding Company/ Fellow S.No. Nature of Transactions Year ended managerial personnel Subsidiaries/ Subsidiaries of Total and/or their relatives Fellow Subsidiaries Company exercise significant control 1 Income from trading goods 31-Mar-22 6.56 6.56 31-Mar-21 27.50 2 Sale of fixed assets 27.50 31-Mar-22 3.34 3.34 31-Mar-21 Interest Income 31-Mar-22 31-Mar-21 84.86 Land development & other rights purchased 84.86 31-Mar-22 31-Mar-21 (993, 37) 5 Building material purchases (993.37)31-Mar-22 7.18 7.18 31-Mar-21 3.20 6 Loan received (Net) 3.20 31-Mar-22 14,000.00 14,000.00 31-Mar-21 (1,057,85) (1,057.85)

S.No.	Nature of Transactions	Year ended	Holding Company/ Fellow Subsidiaries/ Fellow Subsidiaries of Fellow Subsidiaries Company	Entities over which key managerial personnel and/or their relatives exercise significant control	(Amount in Lakhs) Total
alai	nces as at 31st March, 2022			·	
1	Loans & advances recoverable	31-Mar-22	14,000.08		
	<u> </u>	31-Mar-21	13,891.47		14,000.0
2	Trade payables	31-Mar-22	2.91		13,891.4
	<u> </u>	31-Mar-21		1.23	4.1
3	Advances/balance outstanding	31-Mar-22	1,418.99	34,41	34.4
	<u> </u>	31-Mar-21	1,727.91		1,418.9
4	Bank guarantees	31-Mar-22	686.37		1,727.9
		31-Mar-21	686.37		686.3
	Corporate Guarantees		500.37		686.3
5	(Amount outstanding in respect of Corporate Guarantee	31-Mar-22	3,292.90	_ 1	A 64
	given on account of loan availed by Holding Company)	31-Mar-21			3,292,90
	· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		6,579.06		6,579.06

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Particulars Particulars	Relationship	2021-22	(Amount in L.
1 Income from trading goods	Relationship	2021-22	2020-21
Omaxe Limited	Holding Company		·
Omaxe Buildhome Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	2.8	82
Omaxe Gary Buildrech Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	-	
Arulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries		
Omaxe World Street Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	0,0	
Omaxe Heritage Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	1.8	 !\
Omaxe Pancham Realcon Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	1.1	16 (
Omaxe New Chandigath Developrs Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	0.0	01
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Fellow Subsidiaries	0.6	66
2 Sale of fixed assets	 		
Omaxe Limited	Loldon C.		
	Holding Company	3.3	4
3 Interest Income			
Omaxe Gary Buildrech Private Limited (Formerly known as Gary	 		
Buildtech Private Limited)			
	Fellow Subsidiaries		
Land development & other rights purchased	<u> </u>		T
Omaxe Buildhome Limited			
	Fellow Subsidiaries		(993.
Building material purchases			1000
Omaxe Limited			<u> </u>
Omaxe World Street Private Limited	Holding Company	2.37	0.,
Jagdamba Contractors And Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	1,57	
Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	3.04	
State Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	0.19	
Loan given (net)			
Construction (net)		 	
Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited (Formerly known as Garv Buildtech Private Limited)		 	
Donatecti Private Dimited)	Fellow Subsidiaries	14,000.00	(1,057,8
LANCES AS AT 31ST MARCH, 2022		" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " 	
		 	(1)
		 	(Amount in Lakhs)
rticular	Relationship	[J
		As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 202;
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		——————————————————————————————————————	-10 M VI MIAICH 402
Loans & advances			1
Loans & advances recoverable			
Loans & advances recoverable Omaxe Limited Opening Com Political N	Holding Company		
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Gary Buildtech Private Limited	Holding Company Fellow Subsidiaries	- 14.000.00	13,890.40
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Gary Buildtech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	14,000.09	13,890.40
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Gary Buildtech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries		13,890.40
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries	14,000.00	13,890.40 0.30 0.07
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Gary Buildtech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries		13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildtech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries		13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries		13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries Fellow Subsidiaries		13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	0.08	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Trade Payables Omaxe Limited tulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	0.08	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Trade Payables Omaxe Limited tulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Tolding Company Fellow Subsidiaries	0.08	0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited lagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Frade Payables Omaxe Limited Utulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited lagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	0.08	0.36 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Trade Payables Omaxe Limited tulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited lagppic Living Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	1.t0 0.22	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Omaxe Limited tulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited gdamba Contractors and Builders Limited lagppic Living Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	1.t0 0.22	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Omaxe Limited tulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited gdamba Contractors and Builders Limited lagppic Living Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries their relatives exercise	1.t0 0.22	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Omaxe Limited tulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited gdamba Contractors and Builders Limited lagppic Living Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries	1.t0 0.22	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Trade Payables Omaxe Limited Trade Payables Omaxe Limited Trade Contractors and Constructions Private Limited gdamba Contractors and Builders Limited agppie Living Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries their relatives exercise	1.10 0.22 1.59	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Gary Buildrech Private Limited agclamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Omaxe Limited Omaxe Limited Omaxe Limited Omaxe Limited Omaxe Limited Omaxe Limited Italy Contractors and Constructions Private Limited Indigamba Contractors and Builders Limited Indigappie Living Private Limited Indigappie Living Private Limited Indigappie Living Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Entities over which key managerial personnel and/or their relatives exercise significant influence	1.10 0.22 1.59	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Trade Payables Omaxe Limited Trade Payables Omaxe Limited Trade Contractors and Constructions Private Limited Ingdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Ingdamba Contractors and Ingdamba Contrac	Fellow Subsidiaries their relatives exercise	1.10 0.22 1.59	13,890.46 0.36 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Frade Payables Omaxe Limited Frade Payables Omaxe Limited Authal Contractors and Constructions Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Ingdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Ingdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Ingdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Ingdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Ingdamba Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Entities over which key managerial personnel and/or their relatives exercise significant influence	1.10 0.22 1.59	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agglamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Frade Payables Omaxe Limited tulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited gdamba Contractors and Builders Limited agppic Living Private Limited In Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors Indian Contractor India	Fellow Subsidiaries Entities over which key managerial personnel and/or their relatives exercise significant influence	1.10 0.22 1.59	13,890.46 0.36 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Trade Payables Omaxe Limited tulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited gdamba Contractors and Builders Limited agppic Living Private Limited In Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors Indian Contractor Indian Contractor Indian	Fellow Subsidiaries	1.10 0.22 1.59	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04 34.41
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Trade Payables Omaxe Limited stulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited agppie Living Private Limited dvances/balance outstanding maxe Limited ank guarantees maxe Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries Entities over which key managerial personnel and/or their relatives exercise significant influence	1.10 0.22 1.59	13,890.46 0.36 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited lagdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Frade Payables Omaxe Limited Italiah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited Ingdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Ingdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Ingdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Ingdamba Limited Ingappie Living Private Limited Ingappie Living Private Limited Ingappie Living Private Limited Ingappie Limited Inguarantees Inguaran	Fellow Subsidiaries	1.10 0.22 1.59	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04 34.41
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigath Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Frade Payables Omaxe Limited Atulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited agdamba Contractors and Builders Limited aggappic Living Private Limited frade Payables Omaxe Limited ank guarantees maxe Limited Orporate Guarantees mount outstanding in respect of Corporate Guarantees mount outstanding in respect of Corporate Guarantees	Fellow Subsidiaries	1.10 0.22 1.59	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04 34.41
Omaxe Limited Omaxe Garv Buildrech Private Limited agglamba Contractors and Builders Limited Omaxe Buildhome Limited Omaxe Heritage Private Limited Omaxe New Chandigarh Developers Private Limited Omaxe World Street Private Limited Frade Payables Omaxe Limited tulah Contractors and Constructions Private Limited gdamba Contractors and Builders Limited agppie Living Private Limited In Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Builders Limited In Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors and Builders Limited Indian Contractors and Indian Contractors	Fellow Subsidiaries	1.10 0.22 1.59	13,890.40 0.30 0.07 0.28 0.38 0.04 34.41

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Note 38: CAPITAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES

(a) Capital Management

The Group's capital management objectives are to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern as well as to provide an adequate return to shareholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity plus its subordinated loan, less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of the statement of financial position and cash flow hedges recognised in other comprehensive income.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The amounts managed as capital by the Group are summarised as follows:

(Amount in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2021		
Short term Borrowings	3,492.28	2,584.26		
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(176.00)	(49,90)		
Net debt	3,316.28	2,534.36		
Total equity	11,900.55	12,856.94		
Net debt to equity ratio	0.28	0.20		

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Note 39: GROUP INFORMATION

Information about subsidiacies/entity consolidated
The consolidated financial statements of the Group include contrict listed in the table below:

			Proportion (%) of Equity Interest				
S. No.	Name of Entity	Country of Incorporation	As at 3i-March-2022	As at 31-March-2021			
Α	Subsidiaries of Omaxé Porest Spa and Hilis Developers Limited						
ı	Sawik Hatech Budders Private Limited	India	(IOO,DI)	160.00			

Note 40: Additional information, as required under Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, of the enterprises consolidated as subsidiaries / entities consolidated:

	. Name of the entity in the group	Net assets (total assets in	Share in profit or (loss)		Share in Other C		Share in Total Comprehensive Income			
S.No.		As % of consolidated net assets	(Amount in Eaklis)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	(Amount in Lakhs)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive Income	(Amount in Laklis)	As % of consolidated Total comprehensive Income	(Amount in Lakhs)	
	Parent			·i						
	Omase Forest Spa and Hills Developers Limited	160.08	11,909.78	99.95	(955.74)	100.00	(0.20)	99,95	(955,94)	
	Subsidiaries-Indian								(2.04.24)	
1	Satvik Hitech Builders Private Limited	(0.08)	(9 24)	0.05	(0.45)	-	•	0.05	(0.45)	

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Note 41: The outbreak of Coronavirus (COVID-19) pendemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The panagement of the Company have made its own assessment of impact of the outbreak of COVID-19 on business operations of the Company and have concluded that no adjustments are required to be made in the financial statement as it does not impact current financial year. However, the situation with COVID-19 is still evolving. Also the various preventive measures taken by Government of India are still in force leading to highly uncertain economic environment. Due to these circumstances, the management's assessment of the impact on the subsequent period is dependent upon the circumstances as they evolve. The Company continues to monitor the impact of COVID-19 on its business including its impact on customer, associates, contractors, vendors etc.

Note 42: STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new Indian Accounting Standards or amendments to the existing standards under companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 23, 2022, MCA amended the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022 as below

AND AS 16-Property Plant and equipment. The amendment clarifies that excess of net sale proceeds of items produced over the cost of testing, if any shall not be recognized in the profit and loss but deducted from the directly attributable costs considered as part of cost of an item of property plant and equipment. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual period beginning on or after April 1, 2022. The company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its

IND AS 37-Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets- The amendment specifies that cost fulfilling a 'contract comprises costs that relate directly to the contractor'. Cost that relate directly to a contract can either be incremental costs of fulfilling the contract (example would be direct materials, labour) or an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling contracts (example would be allocation of depreciation charge for an item of property plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract). The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2022 although early adoption is permitted. The company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on company consolidated financials.

Note 43fThe Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified, wherever necessary, to make them comparable with current year figures.

As per our audit report of even date attached

For and on behalf of **BSD & Co.**

(Regn. No. -0003128)

(Regn. No. -0003128) Chartered Accountaints

TO BUT SOL

Partner M.No. 087919

Place: New Delbi Date: 28 May 2022 For and on behalf of board of directors

Puneet Goval

Director

DIN: 05344679

Pardeep Singhal Chief Financial Officer

Rajendra Kumar Sharma

Chief Executive Officer & Whole Time Director

DIN: 07084868

Arun Singh

Company Secretary

Part A.

[Part A.

[Part Section 129 read with rule 3 of companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

[Carssum to first provise to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 3 of companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

[Carssum to first provise to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 3 of companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

¥	· fry.	None of Subsidiary	The dale slace when subuldiary was acquired	Reporting period for the substitute content of the substitute content of the substitute company reporting period	Reporting currency and Euclings rote of the first date of the soloyant financial year in the care of foreign subcidinates.	Slière capital	Reserves & swydus	Total assets	Foral (jabillilis)s (Non Corrent and Corrent (tabillity)	Investments	Turnover (Including other for one)	Frolk/floss) Deform qualion	Provides for taxation	Profit/Bass after faxation	Proposed	ount in taking
		Satvik Hiteeli Bunders Private Lumiled	31-03-15	March \$1,2022	ÍNR	F4,000.00	(169.12)	14,000,62	169.79		4.30	{ 0 44)		(0.44)	-	100.00

Pardeep Singhal Chief Financial Officer

Rayendra Kumar Sharma Chief Executive Officer & Whola Time Director DIN: 07084868

Arun Singh Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Date: 28 May 2022

